WARD COUNTY, TEXAS

ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND COMPLIANCE REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

#### WARD COUNTY, TEXAS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

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# WARD COUNTY, TEXAS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Judge and Members of the Commissioners' Court of Ward County, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Ward County, Texas, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the County's primary government as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Basis for Adverse Opinion on Discretely Presented Component Unit

The financial statements referred to above do not include financial data for the County's legally separate component unit, Ward Memorial Hospital. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require financial data for those component units to be reported with the financial data of the County's primary government unless the County also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that include the financial data for its component units. The County has not issued such reporting entity financial statements. Because of this departure from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position, revenues, and expenses of the aggregate discretely presented component unit would have been presented as \$7,241,949, \$0, \$0, \$6,799,979, \$18,729,160 and \$18,287,190, respectively.

## Adverse Opinion

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on Discretely Presented Component Unit" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly the financial position of the discretely presented component unit of the County, as of December 31, 2019, or the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Unmodified Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activity, and each major fund of the Ward County, Texas, as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, TCDRS pension information, the schedule of changes in the total OPEB liability and related ratios, and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplemental information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Ward County, Texas's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of state awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

## Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 30, 2020, on our consideration of Ward County, Texas's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Ward County, Texas's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Smith & Rives, PC Monahans, Texas June 30, 2020

# WARD COUNTY, TEXAS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2019

This section of Ward County's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the County's financial performance during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the Independent Auditor's Report on page 1, and the County's Basic Financial Statements, which begin on page 11.

# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The County's net position increased by \$16,976,706 as a result of this year's operations. The County does not have any business-type activities, so the increase above is attributable to our governmental activities. (Exhibit B-1)

During the year, the County had expenditures that were \$9,096,823 less than the \$31,698,706 generated in tax and other revenues for governmental programs (before special items). (Exhibit C-3)

Total cost of all the County's programs was \$21,392,490. (Exhibit B-1)

The General Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$26,315,772. (Exhibit C-3) This is an increase of \$1,923,036 from the prior year fund balance attributable to less transfers out in the current year.

# USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 11-15). These provide information about the activities of the County as a whole and present a longer-term view of the County's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements (starting on page 16) report the County's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the County's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources, and supply the basis for tax levies. The remaining statements, fiduciary statements, provide financial information about activities for which the County acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the County.

The notes to the financial statements (starting on page 22) provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements.

The combining statements for non-major funds, internal service funds and agency funds contain even more information about the County's individual funds.

# REPORTING THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

# The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the County's overall financial condition and operations begins on page 4. Its primary purpose is to show whether the County is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position (page 11) includes all the County's assets and liabilities at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the County's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting, which is the basis used by the private sector companies.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The County's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who pay the costs of some programs (such as court costs and fees) and grants provided by outside parties and agencies (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers or other unrestricted sources (general revenues). All the County's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the County's Net Position and changes in them. The County's Net Position (the difference between assets and liabilities) provides one measure of the County's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the County's Net Position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the County, however, you should consider non-financial factors as well, such as changes in the County's property tax base or the condition of the County's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities we present only the following activity:

Governmental Activities: Most of the County's basic services are reported here. Property tax, state and federal grants, charges for services and fines finance most of these activities.

# REPORTING THE COUNTY'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

# Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin on page 16 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the County as a whole. Laws and contracts require the County to establish some funds, such as grants received from a government agency. The County's administration establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. The County's two kind of funds – governmental and proprietary – use different accounting approaches.

# REPORTING THE COUNTY'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS-continued

Governmental Funds: Most of the County's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and reported balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the County's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.

# THE COUNTY AS TRUSTEE

# Reporting the County's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position on page 23. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

# **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

Our analysis focuses on the Net Position (Table I) and changes in Net Position (Table II) of the County's governmental activities.

Net position of the County's governmental activities were \$82,911,514 at December 31, 2019. Unrestricted net position – the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by enabling legislation, or other legal requirements – was \$34,277,320 at December 31, 2019. This increase was impacted by the District's change in net position of governmental activities. (Exhibit C-4)

# Table IWard County, Texas Net Position

	Governmental Activities				
		2019		2018	
Current and other assets Capital Assets	\$	62,860,798 36,713,961	\$	47,265,736 34,799,582	
Total assets		99,574,759		82,065,318	
Deferred Outflow Related to OPEB Deferred Outflow Related to Pension		1,306,642 4,552,623		- 1,551,793	
Total Deferred Outflows		5,859,265		1,551,793	
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities		20,891,660 567,634		15,095,379 762,411	
Total Liabilities		21,459,294		15,857,790	
Deferred Inflow Related to OPEB Deferred Inflow Related to Pension		916,355 146,861		- 1,822,194	
Total Deferred Inflows		1,063,216		1,822,194	
Net Position:					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted		36,713,961 11,920,233 34,277,320		34,799,582 5,792,312 25,345,233	
Total Net Position	\$	82,911,514	\$	65,937,127	

#### Table II Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities					
		2019		2018		
Revenues:						
Program Receipts:						
Charges for Services	\$	1,580,579	\$	1,492,587		
Grants & Contributions		924,862		778,601		
General Receipts:						
Ad-Valorem Taxes		34,252,120		25,102,550		
Hotel/Motel Tax		450,000		400,000		
Sales taxes		105,763		84,385		
Licenses and permits		377,077		359,453		
Miscellaneous		878,566		638,782		
Investment Earnings		868,620		545,742		
Total Revenue	\$	39,437,587	\$	29,402,100		
Expenses:						
General Government	\$	6,126,487	\$	5,412,062		
Public Safety		5,212,250		3,966,987		
Highways and Streets		3,044,443		3,031,067		
Culture and Recreation		2,216,503		3,189,532		
Indigent Assistance		222,126		220,921		
Emergency Medical Services		1,220,950		1,186,192		
County and District Clerks		693,906		740,889		
County and District Attorneys		680,065		659,686		
Corrections		577,532		516,735		
Justices of the Peace		564,979		564,040		
Miscellaneous		833,249		619,759		
Total Expenses	\$	21,392,490	\$	20,107,870		
Increase (decrease) in Net Position before transfers	\$	18,045,097	\$	9,294,230		
Loss on Disposition of Assets		(22,526)		-		
Transfers		(1,045,865)		(1,000,000)		
Increase (decrease) in Net Position	\$	16,976,706	\$	8,294,230		
Prior Period Adjustment		(2,319)		(6,236,295)		
Net Position - Jan 1		65,937,127		63,879,192		
Net Position - December 31	\$	82,911,514	\$	65,937,127		

The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$21,392,490. (Exhibit B-1) However, as shown in the Statement of Activities on pages 12 thru 15, some of the costs were paid by those who directly benefited from the programs (\$1,580,579) or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$924,862).

# THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As the County completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet on page 16) reported a combined fund balance of \$38,236,005.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance was \$26,315,772.

# General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Commissioners' Court made revisions to the County's budget. These budget amendments increased budgeted disbursements by \$1,931,744.

The resources available for appropriation were \$4,006,843 more than budgeted for the General Fund, which is due to an increase in mineral valuations. (Exhibit G-1)

Expenditures were \$1,751,367 less than budgeted, which is attributable to overall expenditures being less than anticipated. (Exhibit G-1)

Actual expenditures were less than budgeted amounts for function 10 in the amount of \$575,069. These differences are the result of actual expenditures being less than anticipated. (Exhibit G-1)

## CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital Assets

As of December 31, 2019, the County had invested \$36.7 million in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, roads and equipment.

Additions for the year included buildings/improvements, vehicles, machinery/equipment and construction in progress.

More detailed information can be found in Note 5 on page 34 of this report.

#### Long-Term Obligations

At the end of the year, the County had \$20.9 million of long-term obligations.

More detailed information about the County's long-term liabilities can be found in Note 7 on page 37.

# ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The County's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2020 budget and tax rate. One of those factors is the economy and, in particular, the oil & gas industry. The price of crude oil and natural gas has been steady over the course of the current year, which contributes heavily upon the valuation of properties on the mineral roll. The County's population has held steady in recent years, and it is possible that it may continue into the foreseeable future.

These indicators were taken into account when adopting the budget for 2020. Amounts available for appropriation in the budget are \$34,424,357, an increase of 40.78% compared to the 2019 budget of \$24,453,321. Budgeted expenditures are expected to increase by 22.01% to \$21,953,555 from \$17,993,670 in 2019. There are budgeted interfund transfers to Construction Funds for \$10,200,000, EMS for\$1,000,000 and Ward Memorial Hospital for \$1,500,000. If these estimates are realized, the County's budgetary General Fund Balance will decrease by \$229,198.

## CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to show the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the County Auditor's Office at the Ward County Courthouse, 400 S. Allen St., Monahans, Texas, 79756.

The County's legally separate component unit, Ward Memorial Hospital, has its own financial audit. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Hospital's management at the Ward Memorial Hospital, 406 S. Gary Avenue, Monahans, Texas, 79756.

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### WARD COUNTY, TX STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31,2019

Data	Primary Government
Control	Governmental
Codes	Activities
ASSETS	
1010 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 38,139,551
1050 Taxes Receivable, Net	23,648,023
1150 Accounts Receivable (Net)	409,135
1260 Due from Other Governments	10,705
1300 Due from Fiduciary Funds	653,384
Capital Assets:	
1710 Land Purchase and Improvements	185,773
1720 Infrastructure, Net	4,240,098
1730 Buildings, Net	26,408,842
1750 Furniture and Equipoment, Net	3,180,350
1760 Vehicles, Net	912,939
1780 Construction in Progress	1,785,959
1000 Total Assets	99,574,759
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
1997 Deferred Outflow Related to Pension Plan	4,552,623
1998 Deferred Resource Outflow - OPEB	1,306,642
1500 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,859,265
LIABILITIES	
2010 Accounts Payable	218,509
2020 Wages and Salaries Payable	349,125
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
2502 Net OPEB Liability	15,244,532
2580 Net Pension Liability	5,647,128
2000 Total Liabilities	21,459,294
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
2602 Deferred Inflow Related to Pension Plan	146,861
2604 Deferred Resource Inflow - OPEB	916,355
2500 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,063,216
NET POSITION	
	26 712 061
<ul><li>3200 Net Investment in Capital Assets</li><li>3890 Restricted for Other Purposes</li></ul>	36,713,961 11,920,233
3900 Unrestricted Net Position	11,920,233 34,277,320
3000 Total Net Position	\$ 82,911,514

#### WARD COUNTY, TX STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

		Program Revenues			
Data			Operating		
Control		Charges for	Grants and		
Codes	Expenses	Services	Contributions		
Primary Government:					
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:					
100 General Government	\$ 3,967,331	\$ -	\$-		
120 Judicial	577,419	-	34,612		
140 Elections	11,394	-	-		
150 Financial Administration	580,425	-	-		
160 Courthouse	143,265	27,685	-		
170 Tax Assessor/Collector	441,168	161,849	-		
180 Agricultural Extension Unit	151,540	-	-		
190 Home Agent	253,945	-	-		
210 Sheriff	2,269,283	27,685	77,876		
220 Fire Protection	728,771	-	-		
230 Corrections	577,532	18,457	302,851		
250 Jail	2,210,149	-	-		
260 Department of Public Safety	4,047	-	-		
310 Highways & Streets	3,044,443	-	18,780		
330 County Clerk	383,895	618,303	-		
360 District Clerk	310,011	55,370	-		
370 Justice of the Peace	564,979	110,741	-		
380 County Attorney	501,306	-	25,959		
390 Constable	45,639	-	-		
400 District Attorney	178,759	-	190,363		
410 Health	142,454	-	43,264		
420 EMS	1,220,950	359,284	17,306		
440 Indigent Welfare	40,231	-	-		
450 Indigent Legal Care	181,895	-	17,306		
490 Victim Services	84,835	-	69,223		
510 Community Center	863,690	122,444	-		
520 Parks	227,499	44,156	-		
530 Museums	102,656	-	49,446		
540 Coliseum	74,906	25,079	-		
550 Libraries	431,765	9,526	-		
560 Senior Citizens Center	507,619	-	-		
570 Emergency Management	18,439	-	-		
590 4-H Rifle Barn	8,368	-	-		
610 Conservation	15,485	-	-		
660 Economic Opportunity	483,993	-	77,876		
800 Capital Outlay	2,404	-	-		
900 Intergovernmental	 40,000	-			
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 21,392,490	\$ 1,580,579	\$ 924,862		

#### WARD COUNTY, TX STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Program Revenues

Data Control Codes		Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions
	Data Control Codes 5010 5120 5150 5700 5800 S1	General Revenues: Taxes: Property Taxes, Levied General Sales and Use Tax Gross Receipts Business T Miscellaneous Revenue Interest Earnings Loss on Disposition of Asset Transfers In (Out):	kes	
		Total General Revenues, Special Change in Net Po Net Position Beginning Prior Period Adjustment Net Position - Ending		

	(Expense) Revenue and	
Ch	anges in Net Position	
P	rimary Government	
Covernmental	Duciness Tune	
Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Activities	Activities	Total
(3,967,331)		
(542,807)		
(11,394)		
(580,425)		
(115,580)		
(279,319)		
(151,540)		
(253,945)		
(2,163,722)		
(728,771)		
(256,224)		
(2,210,149)		
(4,047)		
(3,025,663)		
234,408		
(254,641)		
(454,238)		
(475,347)		
(45,639)		
11,604		
(99,190)		
(844,360)		
(40,231)		
(164,589)		
(15,612)		
(741,246)		
(183,343)		
(53,210)		
(49,827)		
(422,239)		
(507,619)		
(18,439)		
(8,368)		
(15,485)		
(406,117)		
(2,404)		
(40,000)		
(18,887,049)		
(10,007,017)		
(18,887,049)		

#### EXHIBITB-1

Cr	nanges in Net Positio	n						
Primary Government								
Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total						
34,252,120								
105,763								
450,000								
1,255,643								
868,620								
(22,526)								
(1,068,391)								
35,841,229								
16,954,180	-	-						
65,937,127	-	-						
(2,319)	-	-						
\$ 82,888,988	\$	\$						

Net (Expense) Revenue and

# WARD COUNTY, TX BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31,2019

Data Contr	ol	General	C	Building Const/Renov	Other	C	Total Sovernmental
Codes	5	Fund		Fund	Funds		Funds
	ASSETS						
1010	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 26,207,360	\$	8,313,482	\$ 3,618,709	\$	38,139,551
1050	Taxes Receivable	24,081,490		-	-		24,081,490
1051	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (credit)	(433,467)		-	-		(433,467)
1150	Accounts Receivable (Net)	409,135		-	-		409,135
1260	Due from Other Governments	-		-	10,705		10,705
1300	Due from Other Funds	 635,842		-	 22,787		658,629
1000	Total Assets	\$ 50,900,360	\$	8,313,482	\$ 3,652,201	\$	62,866,043
	LIABILITIES						
2010	Accounts Payable	\$ 191,941	\$	-	\$ 26,568	\$	218,509
2020	Wages and Salaries Payable	335,488		-	13,637		349,125
2080	Due to Other Funds	-		-	5,245		5,245
2000	Total Liabilities	527,429		-	45,450		572,879
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
2601	Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	23,778,741		-	-		23,778,741
2602	Deferred Inflow Related to Pension Plan	278,418		-	-		278,418
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	24,057,159		-	-		24,057,159
	FUND BALANCES						
3460	Restricted for Commissary	-		-	1,395		1,395
3490	Other Restricted Fund Balance	-		8,313,482	3,605,356		11,918,838
3600	Unassigned Fund Balance	26,315,772		-	-		26,315,772
3000	Total Fund Balances	 26,315,772		8,313,482	 3,606,751	_	38,236,005
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$ 50,900,360	\$	8,313,482	\$ 3,652,201	\$	62,866,043

#### WARD COUNTY, TX RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

<b>Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds</b>	\$	38,236,005
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to increase net position.		19,433,802
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the 2019 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase net position.	1	4,009,007
This fiscal year required that the County report their net pension liability in the Government Wide Statement of Net Position. The items reported as a result of this implementation included changes in net pension liability of \$3,368,042, Deferred Resource Inflow of \$(540,798) and a Deferred Resource Outflow of \$(3,000,830). The net effect of these was to increase the ending net position by \$173,586.		173,586
This fiscal year required the County to report their net OPEB liability in the Government Wide Statement of Net Position. The items reported as a result of this implementation included changes in net OPEB liability of \$(2,448,378), Deferred Resource Inflow of \$218,180 and Deferred Resource Outflow of \$1,306,642. The net effect of these was to decrease the ending net position by \$923,556.		(923,556)
The 2019 depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.		(2,074,489)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue, eliminating interfund transactions, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales as an increase in bonds payable, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase net position.		24,057,159
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	82,911,514

#### WARDCOUNTY, TX STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTALFUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31 2019

EXHIBITC-3

Data	FOR THE YEA	 			Total
Data Control		G	Building	0.1	Total
		General	Const/Renov	Other	Governmental
Code	8	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
REV	/ENUES:				
	Taxes:				
5110	Property Taxes	\$ 24,800,948	\$ -	\$ 1,474,239	\$ 26,275,187
5120	General Sales and Use Taxes	105,763	-	-	105,763
5150	Gross Receipts Business Tax	-	-	450,000	450,000
5200	Licenses and Permits	377,077	-	-	377,077
5300	Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants	146,374	-	718,915	865,289
5400		694,342	-	228,499	922,841
5416	2	97,250	-	-	97,250
	Patient Revenue	359,284	-	-	359,284
	Swimming Pool Fees	44,156	-	-	44,156
	Library Use Fees	9,526	-	-	9,526
5479	1	147,524	-	-	147,524
5510		741,250	-	23,420	764,670
	Forfeits	3,125	-	-	3,125
	Investment Earnings	633,105	151,991	83,524	868,620
5620		63,459	-	-	63,459
5640 5700	Contributions & Donations from Private Sources Other Revenue	49,573 195,260	1,500	10,000 88,602	59,573
				· · · · ·	285,362
5020	Total Revenues	 28,468,016	153,491	3,077,199	31,698,706
EXF	PENDITURES:				
	Current:				
0100	General Government	4,039,269	-	-	4,039,269
0120	Judicial	460,752	-	1,460	462,212
0140	Elections	9,113	-	-	9,113
0150	Financial Administration	459,488	-	-	459,488
0160	Courthouse	114,079	-	15,890	129,969
0170	Tax Assessor/Collector	357,628	-	-	357,628
0180	Agricultural Extension Unit	120,834	-	-	120,834
0190	Home Agent	202,483	-	-	202,483
0210	Sheriff	1,983,767	-	81,880	2,065,647
0220	Fire Protection	726,766	-	-	726,766
0230 0250	Corrections Jail	26,891 1,814,307	59,220	488,862 73,577	515,753 1,947,104
0250	Department of Public Safety	3,605	39,220	15,577	3,605
0200	Highways & Streets	2,034,956	-	1,229,163	3,264,119
0330	County Clerk	268,321	-	47,514	315,835
0360	District Clerk	242,104		4,569	246,673
0370	Justice of the Peace	449,223		4,505	449,223
0380	County Attorney	408,219	-	22,847	431,066
0390	Constable	36,721	-		36,721
0400	District Attorney	-	-	178,759	178,759
0410	Health	142,454	-	-	142,454
0420	EMS	1,106,149	-	-	1,106,149
0440	Indigent Welfare	40,231	-	-	40,231
0450	Indigent Legal Care	181,895	-	-	181,895
0490	Victim Services	-	-	71,978	71,978
0510	Community Center	880,583	-	-	880,583
0520	Parks	201,790	-	-	201,790
0530	Museums	62,247	23,697	-	85,944
0540	Coliseum	74,906	176,714	-	251,620
0550	Libraries	360,120	-	-	360,120
0560	Senior Citizens Center	350,609	-	75,164	425,773
0570	Emergency Management	16,882	-	-	16,882
0590	4-H Rifle Barn	8,368	-	-	8,368
0610	Conservation	15,485	-	-	15,485
0660	Economic Opportunity	-	-	428,301	428,301
0000	Capital Outlay:	(72 000		1 709 241	0 200 040
0800	Capital Outlay	673,802	-	1,708,241	2,382,043
0900	Intergovernmental: Intergovernmental	40,000	-	-	40,000
0,00	mergovernmentar	+0,000	-	-	40,000

#### WARDCOUNTY, TX EXHIBIT C-3 (Cont'd) STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTALFUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,2019

Data				Building				Total
Contr	ol	General	(	Const/Renov		Other	Gov	ernmental
Codes	S	Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds
6030	Total Expenditures	17,914,047	_	259,631	_	4,428,205	2	2,601,883
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 10,553,969		(106,140)		(1,351,006)		9,096,823
OTH	IER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
7915	Transfers In	-		5,600,000		3,234,908		8,834,908
8911	Transfers Out (Use)	 (8,630,933)		-		(1,249,840)	(	9,880,773)
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (8,630,933)		5,600,000		1,985,068	(	1,045,865)
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances	1,923,036		5,493,860		634,062		8,050,958
0100	Fund Balance - January 1 (Beginning)	 24,392,736		2,819,622		2,972,689	3	0,185,047
3000	Fund Balance - December 31 (Ending)	\$ 26,315,772	\$	8,313,482	\$	3,606,751	\$ 3	8,236,005

#### WARD COUNTY, TX RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 8,050,958
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets ar reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing the 2019 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase the change in net position.	4,011,326
The entries required by GASB 68 did require that some expenses on B-1 be adjusted. Total credits to expenses were \$2,761,267 and total debits to expenses were \$2,587,681 The net effect on the change in net position on Exhibit B-1 is an increase of \$173,586.	173,586
The entries required by GASB 75 to require that some expenses on B-1 be adjusted. Total credits to expenses were \$218,180 and total debits to expenses were \$1,141,736. The changes in the ending net position as a result of reporting the OPEB items was to decrease the change in net position.	(923,556)
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease the change in net position.	(2,074,489)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue, adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, eliminating interfund transactions, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase the change in net position.	7,738,881
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 16,976,706

#### WARD COUNTY, TX STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31,2019

	Agency Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,775,308
Due from Fiduciary Funds	68,212
Total Assets	\$ 2,843,520
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	\$ 2,136
Due to Other Funds	678,854
Due to Fiduciary Funds	42,741
Due to Others	2,119,789
Total Liabilities	\$ 2,843,520

## Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The authority of county governments and their specific functions and responsibilities are created by and dependent upon laws and legal regulations of the Texas State Constitution, Local Government Code and V.A.C.S. Ward County (the County) operates under a county judge/commissioners court type of government as provided by state statute. The financial and reporting of the County conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to state and local governments. GAAP for local governments include those principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which includes all statements and interpretations of the National Council on Governmental Accounting unless modified by the GASB and those principles prescribed by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants in the publication entitled *Audits of State and Local Government Units*.

The Commissioner's Court has governance responsibilities over all activities related to Ward County, Texas. The County receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the concomitant requirements of these funding source entities; however, the County is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by authoritative guidance. There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

The County provides the following services to its citizens: public safety (law enforcement and detention), public transportation (roads and bridges), health and welfare (pauper care, health clinic facilities, meals for the elderly and indigent health care), culture and recreation facilities, conservation, public facilities, judicial and legal, elections functions, and general and financial administrative services.

#### Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of the Ward County's non-fiduciary activities with most of the interfund activities removed. *Governmental activities* include programs supported primarily by taxes, fines and fees, grants and other intergovernmental revenues. *Business-type activities* include operations that rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

## Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between expenses and program revenues for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include: a) fees, fines and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the program, and b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Interfund activities between governmental funds appear as due to/due from on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and as other resources and other uses on the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. All interfund transactions between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds and fiduciary funds remain as due to/due from agency funds on the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for three fund categories - governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for County operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The County considers some governmental funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operation in a separate column. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All other revenues and expenses are non-operating.

# Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all the eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increases and decreases in current assets (i.e., revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses).

#### Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period or expected to be collected within 60 days after year end and be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Exceptions to this general rule included unmatured principal and interest on general long-term obligations which are recognized when due. This exception is in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Agency funds are purely custodial (assets equal liabilities) and thus do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Property tax revenues and sales tax receipts are considered measurable and available when collected by the respective intermediary collecting agency and recognized as revenue at that time. Property tax revenues are considered measurable at the time of levy and are recognized as unearned revenue, net of an allowance for estimated uncollectible taxes, at that time. Property tax revenues are considered available if collected within 60 days subsequent to year end. All tax collections expected to be received subsequent to year end are, therefore, reported as unearned revenues. Licenses and permits, fines and forfeits, and miscellaneous revenues when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded on the accrual basis in all funds.

Intergovernmental revenues are recorded on a basis applicable to the legal and contractual requirements of the individual grant programs. If funds must be expended on the specific purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the County, revenues are recognized as the expenditures or expenses are recorded. If funds are virtually unrestricted and irrevocable, except for failure to comply with required compliance requirements, revenues are recognized or susceptible to accrual. Federal and State grants awarded on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. All other federal and state reimbursable-type grants are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and revenues when the related expenditures are incurred.

The Proprietary Fund Types and Fiduciary Funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the fund Statement of Net Position. The fund equity is segregated into net investment in capital assets, restricted net position, and unrestricted net position.

#### Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

## Fund Accounting

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available for any purpose, provided it is expended or transferred in accordance with the legally adopted budget of the County.

Building/Construction Fund - The Building/Construction Fund is used to account for and reports financial resources that are restricted to expenditure for capital outlay, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The Building/Construction Fund excludes those types of capital-related outflows financed by proprietary funds or for assets that will be held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Other Funds - The Special Revenue Funds account for revenues derived from earmarked revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for a specific purpose.

Internal Service Fund - The Internal Service Fund accounts for the County's insurance programs.

Agency Funds - Agency Funds are used to report assets which cannot be used to support County activities and are held in an agency capacity by the County for the benefit of others.

#### Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows, and Net Position or Equity

**Cash and Cash Equivalents** - Highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

**Property Taxes** - Property taxes are levied October 1 in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to the property to secure payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed.

#### Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

**Capital Assets** - Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Generally, a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. There was no capitalized interest during the current year.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Building and Improvements	20-50
Furniture and Equipment	5-10
Vehicles and Heavy Equipment	5-10
Infrastructure	20-35

**Compensated Absences** - A liability for unused vacation and comp time for all full-time employees and personal time off for EMS personnel is calculated and reported in the government-wide statements. For financial reporting, the following criteria must be met to be considered as compensated absences:

- 1. Leave or compensation is attributable to services already rendered.
- 2. Leave or compensation is not contingent on specific event (such as illness).

Per GASB Interpretation No. 6, liabilities for compensated absences are recognized in the fund statements to the extent that the liabilities have matured (i.e., are due for payment). Compensated absences are accrued as long-term debt in the government-wide statements.

Upon termination from the County employment, an employee that has completed a year of employment shall be entitled to payment for the total accrued but unused days of vacation. Comp time earned, but not taken, is paid at termination, but cannot accumulate beyond County specified limits. Once the maximum number of compensatory hours has been accumulated, employees are paid immediately for any additional compensatory hours earned. Sick leave accrues at a rate of 8 hours per month or 96 hours per year up to a maximum of 480 hours, but compensation is paid only for illness-related absences. Unused sick leave is non-vesting and will not be paid on termination, thus vacation and comp time is the only accrued compensation liabilities recorded.

**Use of Estimates** - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

**Interfund Activity** - Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers.

**Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources** -In addition to assets, the statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has deferred outflows of resources for the difference between projected and actual earnings for its pension plan and contributions made to the pension plan after the measurement date, but before the end of the fiscal year.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes and fines and fees. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

**Federal and State Grants and Entitlements** - Grants, entitlements and shared revenues may be accounted for within any of the fund types. The purpose and requirements for each grant or entitlement are carefully analyzed to determine the proper fund type in which to record the related transactions. Grants or entitlements received for purposes normally financed through a particular fund type may be accounted for in that type provided that applicable legal restrictions are appropriately satisfied. Such revenues received for purposes normally financed through the general fund are accounted for within the Special Revenue Funds.

**Fund Equity** - In the fund financials, fund balance is the difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities reflected on the balance sheet.

The fund balance of the General Fund is of primary significance because the General Fund is the primary fund which finances most functions in the County.

The order of spending and availability of the fund balance shall be to reduce funds from the listed areas in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and then unassigned funds.

The five classifications of fund balance of the governmental types are as follows:

**Non-spendable fund balance** classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in a spendable form or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Examples of these funds are inventories or prepaid items. Additionally, these items are not expected to be converted to cash.

#### Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

**Restricted fund balance** represents those funds other than non-spendable that are restricted to specific purposes such as externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments. Additionally, these funds are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Committed fund balance** represents those funds that can only be used for specific purposes per the formal action (i.e., resolution) as a posted Commissioners' Court agenda item of the Ward County Commissioners' Court. These funds cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Court removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit the funds. These funds include contractual obligations entered into by the Commissioners' Court.

**Assigned fund balance** represents those funds designated by the commissioners' court to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The resources of these funds could represent operating transfers to special revenue funds from the general fund and the interest earnings associated with those transfers and those funds that are not classified as restricted, non-spendable or committed.

**Unassigned fund balance** is the resulting difference between total fund balances less the previous types of fund balances and is at the discretion of the Commissioners' Court. The general fund is the only fund type that may represent a positive unassigned fund balance. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts, restricted, committed or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure is incurred for a purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

**Pensions** – For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS) and additions to/deductions from TCDRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported as TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

**Other Post-Employment Benefits (Retiree Health Insurance)** – The fiduciary net position of the County's Retiree Health Insurance Benefits has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from the County's Retiree Health Insurance Benefit's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay as you go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

#### Note 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### **Budgetary Information**

The County Judge submits an annual budget to the Commissioners Court in accordance with the laws of the State of Texas. The budget is presented to the Commissioners Court for review, budget workshops are held with the various County department officials, and public hearings are held to address priorities and the allocation of resources. Prior to September 30, the Commissioners' Court adopts the annual fiscal year budgets for all County operating funds. Once approved, the Commissioners' Court may amend the legally adopted budget when unexpected modifications are required in estimated revenues and appropriations.

The budget for the general fund is prepared on the GAAP basis. Revenues are budgeted in the year receipt is expected; and expenditures are budgeted in the year that the liability is incurred.

All the County's funds held positive fund equity at December 31, 2019.

## Note 3: DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS AND SECURITIES

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of twelve months or less from the date of acquisition. The County's cash and cash equivalents were comprised of eight demand deposit accounts, twelve time deposits and fourty-one TexPool accounts at December 31, 2019.

The total carrying amount of the County Treasurer's demand deposits at December 31, 2019 was \$1,573,793 and the bank balance was \$1,854,148. The County Treasurer's demand deposits at December 31, 2019, and during the year ended December 31, 2019, were covered by FDIC insurance and pledged collateral. Pledged securities and FDIC insurance exceeded the date of highest demand deposit on November 25, 2019 by \$8,031,993. The following is disclosed regarding coverage of combined balances on the date of highest demand deposit:

Bank	Highest Demand Deposit Balance	FMV of Securities Pledged	FDIC Insurance	Month
Tejas Bank	\$3,989,848	\$11,521,841	\$500,000	November 2019

The County held no in undeposited funds on December 31, 2019.

A portion of the County's cash and cash equivalents consist of balances held by TexPool, a branch of the State government. To minimize credit risk, TexPool's investment policy allows the portfolio's investment manager to only invest in obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies; repurchase agreements; and no-load AAAm money market mutual funds registered with the SEC. Texpool is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Market value at December 31, 2019 is provided by TexPool.

# Note 3: DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS AND SECURITIES – continued

The County's cash equivalents held with TexPool at December 31, 2019 are shown below:

Nama	Carrying	Market		
Name	Amount	Value		
TexPool	\$39,341,067	\$39,341,067		

# Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits and Investments

State law requires governmental entities to contract with financial institutions in which funds will be deposited to secure those deposits with insurance or pledged securities with a fair value equaling or exceeding the amount on deposit at the end of each business day. The pledged securities must be in the name of the governmental entity and held by the entity or its agent bank. At November 25, 2019 demand deposits were adequately covered by pledged securities and FDIC insurance.

#### Foreign Currency Risk

The County has no investments or deposits of a foreign currency as of December 31, 2019.

#### Interest Rate Risk

The County has not been exposed to any interest rate risk as of December 31, 2019.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

The County has not been exposed to any concentration of credit risk as of December 31, 2019.

### Note 3: DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS AND SECURITIES - continued

## Compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act

The **Public Funds Investment Act** (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the County to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity date for the portfolio, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

Statutes authorize the County to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) Mutual Funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, and (10) common trust funds. The Act also requires the County to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The County is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

#### Note 4: RECEIVABLES

Receivables at year end, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

				lotal
		General	Other	Governmental
		Fund	 Funds	 Funds
Receivables				
Taxes	\$	24,081,490	\$ -	\$ 24,081,490
Fines & Fees		4,422,293	-	4,422,293
Intergovernmental	_	-	 10,705	 10,705
Total Gross Receviables		28,503,783	10,705	28,514,488
Less: Allowance for				
Uncollectible Accounts				
Taxes		(433,467)	-	(433,467)
Fines & Fees	. <u> </u>	(4,013,157)	 -	 (4,013,157)
Net Total Receivables	\$	24,057,159	\$ 10,705	\$ 24,067,864

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#### Note 5: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2019, was as follows:

#### **Governmental Activities:**

		Beginning Balance	0 0		Retirements/ Adjustments						Ending Balance	
Land	\$	185,773	\$	-	\$	-	\$	185,773				
Buildings & Improvements	1	36,549,442		1,142,956	2	(60,513)		37,631,885				
Vehicles		2,234,979		402,884		(58,223)		2,579,640				
Furniture, Machinery & Equipment		8,834,360		863,199		-		9,697,559				
Infrastructure		5,354,450		12,144		-		5,366,594				
Construction in Progress		193,429		2,548,623		(956,092)		1,785,960				
Total General Fixed Assets		53,346,237		4,969,806		(1,074,828)		57,247,411				

Less: Accumulated Depreciation

	Beginning Balance	Additions/ Adjustments	Retirements/ Adjustments	Ending Balance
Buildings & Improvements	(10,350,926)	(924,115)	(51,997)	(11,223,044)
Vehicles	(1,508,964)	(193,434)	(35,697)	(1,666,701)
Machinery & Equipment	(5,828,042)	(689,167)	-	(6,517,209)
Infrastructure	(858,723)	(267,773)		(1,126,496)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(18,546,655)	(2,074,489)	(87,694)	(20,533,450)
Governmental Activities Capital Assets - Net	\$ 34,799,582	\$ 2,895,317	\$ (1,162,522)	\$ 36,713,961

<sup>1</sup>Includes a prior period adjustment of \$6,196.

<sup>2</sup>Includes a prior period adjustment of \$8,515

#### Note 5: CAPITAL ASSETS - continued

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

10	General Government	\$ 47,546
12	Judicial	85,224
14	Elections	1,687
15	Financial Administration	89,463
16	Information Technology	20,166
17	Тах	61,799
18	Agri	22,715
19	Facilities	38,070
21	Sheriff	305,136
22	Fire Protection	1,483
23	Corrections	45,700
25	Jail	263,445
26	Public Safety	327
31	Highways & Streets	379,033
33	County Clerk	50,348
36	District Clerk	46,853
37	Justice of the Peace	85,631
38	County Attorney	51,960
39	Constable	6,597
42	EMS	162,910
49	Victims	9,510
51	Recreation	100,848
52	Parks	19,018
53	Museums	12,363
55	Libraries	57,254
56	Senior Citizens Center	60,545
57	Emergency Management	1,151
66	Economic Opportunity	47,707

Total Depreciation \$ 2,074,489

# Note 6: INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund balances at December 31, 2019 consisted of the following individual fund balances:

	Due From	Due To	Purpose
General Fund: Agency Funds Special Revenue Funds	\$    630,597 5,245	\$ - -	Collections of fees not yet remitted Unreimbursed Grant item
Total General Fund	635,842		
Special Revenue Funds: General Fund Agency Fund Total Special Revenue Funds	22,78722,787	5,245 5,245	Unreimbursed Grant item Collections of fees not yet remitted
Agency Funds: General Fund Agency Fund Agency Fund Special Revenue Fund	- 68,212 - -	630,597 - 68,212 22,787	Collections of fees not yet remitted Collections of fees not yet remitted Collections of fees not yet remitted Collections of fees not yet remitted
Total Agency Funds	68,212	721,596	
Total Due To's/Due From's	\$ 726,841	\$ 726,841	

#### Note 6: INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS - continued

#### Interfund Transfers consist of the following:

	Transfers	Transfers	
	In	Out	Purpose
Transfers from General Fund to:			
Special Revenue Fund	_	5,600,000	Funding for Construction/Renovations
Special Revenue Fund		1,800,000	Funding for Arena Construction
Hospital		1,045,865	Operating Transfers - Hospital
Special Revenue Fund		50.000	Operating Transfer - PCT 3 Road Funds
Special Revenue Fund		132,157	Operating Transfer- Juvenile Probation
Special Revenue Fund		44	Operating Transfer - Title IV-E/JPO
Special Revenue Fund		2,390	Operating Transfer - Hotel/Motel
Special Revenue Fund	-	477	Operating Transfer- Victims of Crime Act Fund
Special Nevenue Fund	-	8,630,933	
Transfers to/from Construction Fund from			
General Fund	5,600,000	-	Operating Transfer - General Fund
	5,600,000	-	
Transfers to Special Revenue Funds from:			
Special Revenue Fund	448,314	-	Operating Transfer - PCT 1 Road Funds
Special Revenue Fund	35,000	-	Operating Transfer - PCT 2 Road Funds
Special Revenue Fund	416,526	-	Operating Transfer - PCT 3 Road Funds
Special Revenue Fund	350,000	-	Operating Transfer - PCT 4 Road Funds
General Fund	1,800,000	-	Operating Transfer - Arena
General Fund	132,157	-	Operating Transfer - Juvenile Probation
General Fund	50,000	-	Operating Transfer - PCT 3 Road Funds
General Fund	477	-	Operating Transfer- Victims of Crime Act Fund
General Fund	44	-	Operating Transfer - Title IV-E/JPO
General Fund	2,390	-	Operating Transfer - Hotel/Motel
	3,234,908		
Transfers from Special Revenue Fund to:			
Special Revenue Fund	-	1,249,840	Operating Transfer - PCT 1, 2, 3, 4 Road Funds
	-	1,249,840	- , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
		.,2.0,0.0	
Total transfers \$	8,834,908	\$9,880,773	

#### Note 7: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term obligations are comprised of compensated absences, which includes annual vacation pay, comp pay, and personal time off pay (for EMS staff) of \$217,932; net other postemployment benefits obligation of \$15,026,600; and net pension liability of \$5,647,128. The balance for long-term obligations at December 31, 2019 was \$20,891,660.

# Note 8: DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Governmental Funds report unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned.

At the end of December 31, 2019, deferred inflows in the General Fund were comprised of the following:

	<u> </u>	Seneral Fund
Net Unrealized Property Taxes Net Unrealized Fines & Penalties	\$	23,778,741 278,418
Total Deferred Inflows	\$	24,057,159

Note 9: RISK MANAGEMENT

## General and Professional Liability

The County has entered into an agreement with Texas Association of Counties (TAC) for property, general liability, law enforcement liability, auto liability, auto physical damage, public officials' liability, crime coverage, and workers' compensation insurance. TAC Insurance funds were formed by the entry into inter-local participation agreements by member political subdivisions of the State of Texas to jointly self-insure its members against certain risks within a defined scope, to purchase excess insurance or reinsurance when deemed prudent, and to pay necessary administrative disbursements.

#### Property Insurance

The County's property insurance program includes blanket property coverage with various limits for quake and flood and deductibles ranging from \$500 to \$25,000.

The County paid \$173,529 in property, general liability, and professional liability insurance premiums for the year ended December 31, 2019.

#### Health Insurance

For 2019, the County paid \$1,808,970 in health and dental insurance premiums.

## Life Insurance/Aero Care

The County pays the premium for employees and retirees who elect to participate in the plan and remits these premium payments to the insurance company. County contributions for life insurance premiums amounted to \$19,689 for the year ended December 31, 2019. In addition the Commissioners contracted with Aero Care to cover the air transport for the residents of Ward County for one year in the amount of \$57,183.

### Worker's Compensation

The County's worker's compensation plan is administered by the Texas Association of Counties (TAC) under fully-funded (pooled) coverage in which the County is a member.

#### Note 10: EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN

#### Plan Description

The County provides retirement, disability, and death benefits for all of its full-time employees through an agent multiple employer defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). Article 33 of the State Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the TCDRS Board of Trustees (TCDRS Board). TCDRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.tcdrs.org.

At the measurement date, December 31, 2018, pension expense was as follows:

As of December 31, 2018, the deferred inflows and outflows of resources are as follows:

Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 146,861	\$ 399,835
Changes of assumptions	-	117,843
Net difference between projected and actual earnings	-	2,354,738
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date	N/A	1,680,207

### Note 10: EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN - continued

The \$1,680,207 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2019	\$ 1,008,473
2020	574,348
2021	402,497
2022	740,237
2023	-
Thereafter	-
Total	\$ 2,725,555

### Plan Information

At December 31, 2018, the County had 168 current and 135 former employees and 107 retirees participating in the Plan.

#### Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions that determine the total pension liability as of December 31, 2018 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2013-December 31, 2016, except where required to be different by GASB 68.

# Note 10: EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN - continued

Valuation Date:	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated each December 31, years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.					
Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:						
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age					
Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll, closed					
Remaining Amortization Period	12.7 years (based on contribution rate calculated in 12/31/2018 valuation)					
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed market					
Inflation	2.75%					
Salary Increases	Varies by age and service. 4.9% average over career including inflation.					
Investment rate of return	8.00%, net of administrative and investment expenses, including inflation					
Retirement Age	Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement for recent retirees is 61.					
Mortality	130% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 110% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.					
Changes in Assumptions and Methods Reflected in the	2015: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were reflected.					
Schedule of Employer Contributions*	2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected.					
Changes in Plan Provisions Reflected in the Schedule of	2015: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.					
Employer Contributions	2016: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.					
	2017: New Annuity Purchase Rates were reflected for benefits earned after 2017.					
	2018: Employer contributions reflect that a 50% CPI COLA was adopted					

\*Only changes effective 2015 and later are shown in the Notes to Schedule

#### Note 10: EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN - continued

#### Long-term Rate of Investment Return and Target Allocation

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS' investment consultant, Cliffwater, LLC. The numbers shown are based on January 2019 information for a 10 year time horizon.

Note that the valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed at a minimum every four years, and is set based on a 30-year time horizon; the most recent analysis was performed in 2017. See Milliman's TCDRS Investigation of Experience report for the period January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2016 for more details.

			Geometric Real Rate of Returr
		Target	(Expected minus
Asset Class	Benchmark	Allocation <sup>(1)</sup>	Inflation) <sup>(2)</sup>
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	10.50%	5.40%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture Capital Index <sup>(3)</sup>	18.00%	8.40%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	2.50%	5.70%
International Equities - Developed	MSCI World Ex USA (net) Index	10.00%	5.40%
International Equities - Emerging	MSCI Emerging Markets (net) Index	7.00%	5.90%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	1.60%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	12.00%	4.39%
Direct Lending	S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index	11.00%	7.95%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities Index <sup>(4)</sup>	2.00%	7.20%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index + 33% FRSE EPRA/NAREIT Global Real Estate Index	2.00%	4.15%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	Alerian MLP Index	3.00%	5.35%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index <sup>(5)</sup>	6.00%	6.30%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds Composite Index	13.00%	3.90%
	Total	100.00%	

<sup>(1)</sup> Target asset allocation adopted at the April 2019 TCDRS Board Meeting.

<sup>(2)</sup> Geometric real rates of return equal the expected return minus the assumed

inflation rate of 1.70%, per Cliffwater's 2019 capital market assumptions.

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes vintage years 2006-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

<sup>(4)</sup> Includes vintage years 2005-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

<sup>(5)</sup> Includes vintage years 2007-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

## Note 10: EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN - continued

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.10%.

#### Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net pension liability of the County calculated using the discount rate of 8.10%, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7.10%) or 1 percentage point higher (9.10%) than the current rate.

	Current					
	1	% Decrease	D	iscount Rate		1% Increase
	7.10%		8.10%		9.10%	
Total pension liability Fiduciary net position	\$	47,340,692 36,597,483	\$	42,244,611 36,597,483	\$	37,907,941 36,597,483
Net pension liability/(asset)	\$	10,743,209	\$	5,647,128	\$	1,310,458

# Note 11: POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS

## **Description**

The County offers health insurance benefits to all qualified retirees who elect to participate in the plan. The plan is considered a single-employer defined benefit plan and benefits are paid directly from general assets on a pay as you go basis. The healthcare benefits cover medical, dental and hospitalization costs for retirees and their dependents. Retirees over age 65 are required to enroll in Medicare. Medical, dental and life insurance coverage is available in the event of disability. The authority under which the Plan's benefit provisions are established or amended is the Commissioner's Court. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

## **Benefits**

The County offers postemployment health, dental and life insurance benefits to all employees who retire from the County if they receive a TCDRS pension and retire from the County (1) on or after age 60 with at least 8 years of service, (2) after the sum of their age and service exceeds 75 (Rule of 75), or (3) at any age with at least 30 years of service. Retirees who do not have eight years of service with Ward County at the time of TCDRS retirement may continue on the medical plan but must pay 100% of the premium for continued coverage. Coverage is available to dependents of retirees who are currently receiving benefits. If the retiree predeceases the dependent, coverage for the dependent falls under COBRA. Life insurance in the amount of \$5,000 is provided for retirees only. If the retiree had 8 years of service with the County at TCDRS retirement, the County will pay 100% of the life insurance premium. If the retiree did not have 8 years of service with the County at TCDRS retirement, the retiree must pay 100% of life insurance premium.

# Note 11: POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS continued

The plan does not issue a stand-alone report. For inquiries relating to the plan, please contact Ellen Friar, Ward County, 400 S. Allen, Monahans, TX 79756.

### Employees covered by benefit terms

At January 1, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees, retiree's spouses or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payment	59
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	112
Total	171

The OPEB Liability of \$15,026,600 was measured as of December 31, 2019.

## Actuarial assumptions and other inputs

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Valuation Timing	The valuation is performed at January 1, 2018 with measurements at December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2019.
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Discount Rate <sup>(1)</sup>	December 31, 2018: 4.10% December 31, 2019: 2.74%
Inflation	December 31, 2018: 2.30% December 31, 2019: 2.20%
Salary Increases	Used the 2017 TCDRS report, varying on plan entry age. The rates from this report is compounded with the wage increase rate of 3.00% per year for the total salary increase rates.

## Note 11: POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS continued

			Ret	tiree			5	Spouse	
Per Capital Medical Benefit Costs	Age	Male		Female		Male		Female	
	45	\$	11,299	\$	15,436	\$	7,016	\$	8,249
	50	\$	11,176	\$	13,377	\$	7,830	\$	9,238
	55	\$	11,926	\$	12,712	\$	9,198	\$	10,314
	60	\$	14,290	\$	14,038	\$	11,324	\$	11,570
	64	\$	17,750	\$	16,022	\$	14,225	\$	13,049
	65	\$	4,997	\$	4,685	\$	4,997	\$	4,685
	70	\$	5,511	\$	5,027	\$	5,511	\$	5,027
	75	\$	5,985	\$	5,309	\$	5,985	\$	5,309
	80	\$	6,251	\$	5,442	\$	6,251	\$	5,442
Per Capita Dental Benefit Costs			Age		Male	I	emale	_	

Age	Male	Female			
45	\$ 318	\$	365		
50	\$ 354	\$	394		
55	\$ 401	\$	428		
60	\$ 449	\$	462		
64	\$ 483	\$	477		
65	\$ 491	\$	476		
70	\$ 522	\$	475		
75	\$ 522	\$	475		
80	\$ 522	\$	475		

### Note 11: POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS continued

Medical Inflation (Trend Assumption) The trend assumptions for medical, pharmacy costs, dental, and retiree premiums are summarized below:

Note: Medical Trend with Excise Tax and Health Insurer Fee is used to determine OPEB Expense. Medical Trend without Excise Tax and Health Insurer Fee is used to determine Net OPEB Liability.

	Without Excise Tax		With Excise Tax			
Year	Year Pre-65 Post-65		Pre-65	Post-65		
2018	5.00%	4.60%	5.00%	4.60%		
2019	8.30%	8.00%	8.30%	8.00%		
2020	4.40%	4.20%	6.10%	5.90%		
2021	5.50%	5.40%	5.50%	5.40%		
2022	4.90%	4.90%	4.90%	4.90%		
2023-2024	4.80%	4.80%	4.80%	4.80%		
2025	4.70%	4.70%	4.70%	4.70%		
2026	4.60%	4.60%	4.60%	4.60%		
2027-2030	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%		
2031	4.50%	4.50%	4.60%	4.70%		
2032-2035	4.50%	4.50%	4.70%	4.90%		
2036	4.60%	4.50%	4.70%	4.90%		
2037	4.60%	4.60%	5.30%	4.90%		
2038	4.60%	4.60%	5.50%	4.90%		
2039	4.60%	4.60%	5.50%	5.20%		
2040-2041	4.60%	4.60%	5.50%	5.50%		
2042-2043	4.60%	4.60%	5.40%	5.50%		
2044	4.60%	4.60%	5.40%	5.40%		
2045-4049	4.70%	4.70%	5.40%	5.40%		
2050	4.60%	4.60%	5.30%	5.30%		
2051-2052	4.60%	4.60%	5.20%	5.20%		
2053	4.60%	4.50%	5.10%	5.10%		
2054-2056	4.50%	4.50%	5.10%	5.10%		
2057-2060	4.50%	4.50%	5.00%	5.00%		
2061-2064	4.50%	4.50%	4.90%	4.90%		
2065	4.40%	4.40%	4.80%	4.80%		
2066	4.30%	4.30%	4.70%	4.70%		
2067	4.20%	4.20%	4.60%	4.60%		
2068	4.20%	4.20%	4.50%	4.50%		
2069	4.10%	4.10%	4.40%	4.40%		
2070	4.00%	4.00%	4.30%	4.30%		
2071	4.00%	4.00%	4.20%	4.20%		
2072	3.90%	3.90%	4.20%	4.20%		
2073	3.80%	3.80%	4.10%	4.10%		
2074-2095	3.80%	3.80%	4.00%	4.00%		
2096+	3.80%	3.80%	3.90%	3.90%		

# Note 11: POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS continued

Coverage Assumption	100% of active employees are assumed to elect coverage at retirement.
Marriage Assumptions	50% of members are assumed to elect spousal coverage at retirement. When provided, actual ages for spouses are used. Otherwise, it is assumed that female spouses are 3 years younger than male spouses.
Mortality	December 31, 2018: Sex Distinct RP-2000 Mortality projected forward with Scale BB
	December 31, 2019: Sex Distinct PubG.H-2010 projected forward (fully generational) with MP-2019. Pub-2010 tables for disabled lives and contingent survivors will also be used.
Retirement Rates	Used the December 2017 TCDRS Report.
Termination Rates	Used the 2017 TCDRS Report for the Middle Termination Group. Sample termination rates vary on plan entry age.
Disability	Used sample rates of disability from the 2017 TCDRS Report.
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	
Medical Trend	With the passage on the SECURE Act on December 20, 2019, the excise tax on high-cost plans (also known as the "Cadillac Tax") was repealed; in addition, the act also repealed the health insurance provider fee (also known as the health insurance tax) and the medical excise tax. Accordingly, the medical trend assumptions for the December 31, 2019 measurement were updated to reflect the impact of these changes.
Mortality	The mortality assumptions were updated from sex distinct RP-2000 Mortality projected forward with Scale BB for the December 31, 2018 measurement date to sex distinct PubG.H-2010 projected forward (fully generational) with MP-2019 at the December 31, 2019 measurement date.
Discount Rate	The discount rate was updated from 4.10% at the December 31, 2018 measurement date to 2.74% at the December 31, 2019 measurement date.
Inflation Rate	The inflation rate was updated from 2.30% at the December 31, 2018 measurement date to 2.20% at the December 31, 2019 measurment date.

## Note 11: POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS continued

### Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.74%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.74%):

	Current	
1%	Discount	1%
Decrease	Rate	Increase
1.74%	2.74%	3.74%

Total OPEB Liability \$ 17,575,650 \$ 15,026,600 \$ 12,972,545

### Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates.

Regarding the sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates, the following presents the plan's total OPEB liability, calculated using the assumed trend rates, as well as what the plan's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one lower or one percent higher:

		Current						
	_	1% Decrease		Trend Rate		1% Increase		
Total OPEB								
Liability	\$	12,445,538	\$	15,026,600	\$	18,388,840		

### <u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> <u>Related to OPEB:</u>

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the County recognized OPEB expense related to retiree health insurance benefits of \$1,312,597.

At December 31, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Inflows of	Outflows of
	 Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ -
Changes in Assumptions	 (916,355)	1,306,642
Total	\$ (916,355)	\$ 1,306,642

#### Note 11: POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS continued

\$0 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to retiree health insurance benefits resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability as of December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Net deferred outflows/(inflows)
Year Ended December 31:	of resources
2020	\$ 85,690
2021	85,690
2022	85,690
2023	85,690
2024	47,527
Thereafter*	 -
Total	\$ 390,287

\*Note that additional future deferred inflows and outflows of resources may impact these numbers.

#### Note 12: DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The County offers its employees two deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plans, available to all County employees, permit them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unseen emergency.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plans, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property or rights are (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) solely the property and rights of the County (without being restricted to the provisions of benefits under the plan), subject only to claims of the County's general creditors. Participants' rights under the plan are equal to those of general creditors of the County in an amount equal to the fair market value of the deferred account for each participant.

The balances of the deferred compensation plans at December 31, 2019 were \$16,055 and \$1,665,511, respectively.

# Note 12: DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

### Nationwide Retirement Solutions

Beginning Balance, January 1, 2019		00011010	Contributions and Market Gains		vals, Fees ket Losses	Ending Balance, December 31, 2019		
\$	14,818	\$	1,237	\$	-	\$	16,055	
MassN	lutual							
Beginning Balance, January 1, 2019		Contributions and Market Gains		Withdrawals and Market Losses		Ending Balance, December 31, 2019		
\$1	,315,624	\$38	9,897	(\$40,	011)	\$1,6	65,510	

## Note 13: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Office of Ward County Attorney is considered a part-time position and the County Attorney is permitted to maintain a private practice in addition to his public duties. As a result, some facilities, equipment and services are utilized in both his private practice and his public duties as Ward County Attorney. The physical separation and accounting of the two functions are deemed inefficient and improbable by both Ward County and the Ward County Attorney. As a result, the County and the County Attorney have entered into an agreement whereby allocations of costs that jointly benefit the County and the County Attorney's private practice have been proposed, approved and applied as part of the costs of the Office of the Ward County Attorney. This agreement stipulates that the County Attorney will provide his personal office space, furniture and equipment and services for accounting for the County Attorney Hot Check Fund at no charge to the County in return for the County's subsidy of the personal portion of his secretaries' time. The County Attorney makes an effort to segregate and pay for his personal portion of other expenses such as utilities (considered 25% personal and bills the County for 75% of utilities on an after-the-fact basis), telephone, office cleaning, seminars, law library, subscriptions and internet services and postage.

Ward County authorizes the Ward County Judge to utilize his county office for his private practice of law. The Commissioners' Court has found that this arrangement serves a public purpose in that it makes the County Judge more available to county officials and staff, as well as to the public. The County Judge provides his own office supplies and reimburses Ward County for copies and long distance telephone calls. In 2019 the County Judge earned \$2,278 from Ward County for court-appointed representation of indigent defendants in district court.

## Note 14: FEDERAL & STATE GRANTS

The County received funds under grants from federal and state governments. The amounts received by the County's various programs are as follows:

Name of Award	Federal Grants	State Grants	Intergovernmental	Totals
Border Prosecution Grant	\$ -	\$ 150,342	\$ -	\$ 150,342
Child Abuse Prevention	-	-	28	28
Federal & County Prisoner Revenue	-	-	1,365	1,365
Indigent Defense Grant - TX Task for on Indigent Defense	-	13,620	-	13,620
LEOSE Funds	-	-	3,702	3,702
State of Texas - Lateral Road Funds	-	-	11,376	11,376
State of Texas - Salary Supplements	-	-	65,226	65,226
State of Texas - State Juror Reimbursement Fee	-	-	6,188	6,188
Texas J-RAC pass through revenues to EMS	-	14,863	-	14,863
Texas Juvenile Probation Commission Funds	-	304,843	-	304,843
Title XX Meals on Wheels	-	-	27,291	27,291
STAR	-	-	1,126	1,126
Tobacco Settlement	-	-	45,112	45,112
Stonegarden Grant	76,412	-	-	76,412
Victims of Crime Acts Formula Grant Program	68,631	-	-	68,631
Congregate Meals, Home Delivered Meals & Cash Payments in Lieu of Donated Commodities - DHHS and Department of Agriculture	75,164			75,164
TOTALS	\$ 220,207	\$ 483,668	\$ 161,414	\$ 865,289

#### Note 15: LITIGATION

The County is party to various legal actions arising in the ordinary course of its business. In the opinion of the County's management, upon advice of the County Attorney, the County has adequate legal defense and/or insurance coverage regarding each of these actions and does not believe that they will materially affect the County's operations or financial position.

# Note 16: PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The County had the following prior-period adjustment in 2019:

	Ex	hibit B-1	Exhibit C-3		
Capital expenditures not identified in the prior year Repair that was capitalized in the prior year	\$	6,196 (8,515)	\$	-	
	\$	(2,319)	\$		

#### WARD COUNTY, TX SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL-GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Data						Actual Amounts		ance With al Budget
Control Codes		 Budgeted A	Amou	unts	(G	AAP BASIS)		sitive or
		Original		Final			(N	legative)
REVI	ENUES:							
	Taxes:							
5110	Property Taxes	\$ 21,820,978	\$	21,820,978	\$	24,800,948	\$	2,979,970
5120	General Sales and Use Taxes	85,000		85,000		105,763		20,76
5200	Licenses and Permits	341,000		341,000		377,077		36,07
5300	Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants	194,389		194,389		146,374		(48,015
5400 5416	Charges for Services	519,254 87,000		519,254 87,000		694,342 97,250		175,08 10,25
5456	General Government Charges for Services Patient Revenue	400,000		400,000		359,284		(40,716
5472		34,000		400,000		44,156		10,15
5476	Swimming Pool Fees Library Use Fees	7,000		7,000		9,526		2,52
5479	Facilities Receipts	60,000		60,000		9,520		87,52
5510	Fines	515,000		515,000		741,250		226,250
5520	Forfeits	515,000		515,000		3,125		3,125
5610	Investment Earnings	347,000		347,000		633,105		286,105
5620	Rents and Royalties	15,000		15,000		63,459		48,459
5640	Contributions & Donations from Private Sources	500		8,352		49,573		41,22
5700	Other Revenue	27,200		27,200		195,260		168,060
5020	Total Revenues	 24,453,321		24,461,173		28,468,016		4,006,843
EXPI	ENDITURES:	 						
	Current:							
0100	General Government	3,977,316		4,614,338		4,039,269		575,069
0120	Judicial	504,545		504,545		460,752		43,793
0140	Elections	30,306		30,306		9,113		21,193
0150	Financial Administration	453,556		456,599		459,488		(2,889
0160	Courthouse	143,963		143,963		114,079		29,884
0170	Tax Assessor/Collector	366,372		366,372		357,628		8,744
0180	Agricultural Extension Unit	181,706		181,706		120,834		60,872
0190	Home Agent	224,366		198,667		202,483		(3,816
0210	Sheriff	1,959,158		2,001,132		1,983,767		17,36
0220	Fire Protection	412,271		976,271		726,766		249,50
0230	Corrections	32,643		36,068		26,891		9,177
0250	Jail	1,773,332		1,800,151		1,814,307		(14,156
0260	Department of Public Safety	14,963		14,963		3,605		11,35
0310	Highways & Streets	2,028,038		2,070,365		2,034,956		35,409
0330	County Clerk	293,395		293,395		268,321		25,074
0360	District Clerk	266,455		266,455		242,104		24,35
0370	Justice of the Peace	445,693		456,267		449,223		7,044
0380	County Attorney	413,611		413,611		408,219		5,392
0390	Constable	48,870		48,870		36,721		12,149
0410	Health	175,000		175,000		142,454		32,54
0420	EMS	1,129,407		1,245,407		1,106,149		139,258
0440	Indigent Welfare	41,450		41,450		40,231		1,219
0450	Indigent Legal Care	198,000		253,000		181,895		71,10
0510	Community Center	887,920		1,040,650		880,583		160,067
0520 0530	Parks	209,100 64,908		216,075		201,790		14,285
)530 )540	Museums			65,521 81,231		62,247 74,906		3,27
)540 )550	Coliseum	74,500		81,231		74,906 360,120		6,325 34,829
0550	Libraries Senior Citizens Center	385,720 316,503		394,949 353 503		360,120 350,609		34,829
0560	Senior Citizens Center			353,503				2,894 50
0590	Emergency Management	14,983 8,500		17,383 9,100		16,882 8,368		732
0610	4-H Rifle Barn Conservation	17,120		9,100 17,820		8,308 15,485		2,335
	Conservation	17,120		17,620		15,405		2,33.

Capital Outlay:

#### WARD COUNTY, TX SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Data Control		Budgeted A	Amou	ints	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Fina	ance With al Budget sitive or
Codes		Original		Final	()		egative)
<sup>0800</sup> Capital Outlay Intergovernmental:		600,000	840,281		673,802		166,479
0900 Intergovernmental		40,000		40,000	40,000		-
6030 Total Expenditures		17,733,670		19,665,414	17,914,047		1,751,367
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Unde Expenditures	r)	6,719,651		4,795,759	10,553,969		5,758,210
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		700.000		700.000			(700.000)
<ul><li>7915 Transfers In</li><li>8911 Transfers Out (Use)</li></ul>		700,000 (7,560,000)		700,000 (9,304,550)	- (8,630,933)		(700,000) 673,617
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(6,860,000)		(8,604,550)	(8,630,933)		(26,383)
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		(140,349)		(3,808,791)	1,923,036		5,731,827
0100 Fund Balance - January 1 (Beginning)		24,392,736		24,392,736	24,392,736		-
3000 Fund Balance - December 31 (Ending)	\$	24,252,387	\$	20,583,945	\$ 26,315,772	\$	5,731,827

# Ward County, Texas Notes to Required Supplementary Information December 31, 2019

# **Budgetary Information**

The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in these financial statements:

- 1. The County Judge, as budget officer, with the assistance of the County Auditor, prepares a budget to cover all proposed expenditures and the means of financing them for the succeeding year, and delivers the proposed budget to Commissioners Court.
- 2. Commissioners Court holds budget sessions with each department head.
- 3. Commissioners Court holds budget hearings for the public at which all interested person's comments concerning the budget are heard.
- 4. Commissioners Court formally adopts the budget in open court meeting.
- 5. The adopted budget becomes the authorization for all legal expenditures for the County for the fiscal year. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.
- 6. The formally adopted budget may legally be amended by commissioners in accordance with article LGC-111-010 or LGC-111-011.
- 7. Annual budget is legally adopted for the General Fund.
- 8. An appropriate resolution (the appropriated budget) to control the level of expenditures should be legally enacted prior to September 30. The County maintains its legal level of budgetary control at the department level. Amendments to the 2018 budget were approved by the Commissioners Court as provided by law.
- 9. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end.

# WARD COUNTY, TX SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

# TEXAS COUNTY & DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	F	FY 2019 Plan Year 2018	FY 2018 Plan Year 2017
A. Total Pension Liability			
Service Cost	\$	1,176,634 \$	6 1,220,849
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)		3,210,871	2,918,183
Changes of Benefit Terms		-	750,512
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience		342,347	286,149
Changes of Assumptions		-	235,686
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions		(1,861,743)	(1,649,829)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	\$	2,868,109	3,761,550
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		39,376,502	35,614,953
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$	42,244,611 \$	39,376,503
B. Total Fiduciary Net Position			
Contributions - Employer	\$	1,495,065 \$	983,921
Contributions - Employee		574,999	530,617
Net Investment Income		(688,791)	4,743,948
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions		(1,861,743)	(1,649,829)
Administrative Expense		(29,395)	(24,671)
Other		9,933	(2,046)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	(499,932)	6 4,581,940
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		37,097,415	32,515,475
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	\$	36,597,483 \$	37,097,415
C. Net Pension Liability	\$	5,647,128 \$	2,279,088
D. Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability		86.63%	94.21%
E. Covered Payroll	\$	8,214,265 \$	5 7,580,245
F. Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		68.75%	30.07%

Note: GASB 68, Paragraph 46, a and b requires that the data in this schedule be presented for the time period covered by the measurement date rather than the governmental entity's current fiscal year.

Note: Only five years of data are presented in accordance with GASBS #68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

	FY 2017 Plan Year 2016	FY 2016 Plan Year 2015		FY 2015 Plan Year 2014
_				
9	\$ 1,289,562 \$	1,065,573	\$	1,025,795
	2,725,435	2,564,982		2,389,344
	-	(200,349)		-
	(587,442)	(285,504)		122,990
	-	419,397		-
	(1,623,814)	(1,548,884)		(1,446,422)
5	\$ 1,803,741 \$	2,015,215	\$	2,091,707
_	33,811,212	31,795,998		29,704,291
9	\$ 35,614,953 \$	33,811,213	\$	31,795,998
=			_	
ç	\$ 1,158,941 \$	1,440,837	\$	1,427,366
4	528,891	511,730	Ψ	466,347
	2,248,196	(408,425)		1,882,931
	(1,623,814)	(1,548,884)		(1,446,422)
	(24,441)	(21,868)		(22,466)
	(124,605)	29,578		116,532
5	\$ 2,163,168 \$	2,968	\$	2,424,288
4	30,352,307	30,349,338		27,925,050
9	\$ 32,515,475 \$	30,352,306	\$	30,349,338
9	\$ 3,099,478 \$	3,458,907	\$	1,446,660
=	01.000	00.75%	_	05.450
	91.30%	89.77%		95.45%
9	\$ 7,555,592 \$	7,310,432	\$	6,662,106
	41.02%	47.31%		21.71%

# WARD COUNTY, TX SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TEXAS COUNTY & DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 2019

	 2019	2018	2017
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 1,145,065 \$	965,723 \$	908,941
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contributions	1,495,065	983,921	1,158,941
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ (350,000) \$	(18,198) \$	(250,000)
Covered Payroll	\$ 8,214,265 \$	7,580,245 \$	7,555,592
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	18.20%	13.00%	15.30%

Note: GASB 68, Paragraph 81 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the governmental entity's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending December 31 for the respective fiscal years.

Note: In accordance with GASB 68, Paragraph 138, the years of data presented this reporting period are those for which data is available. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

 2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
\$ 940,837 \$	927,366 \$	881,225 \$	816,290 \$	761,260 \$	774,401 \$	\$ 693,266
1,440,837	1,427,366	1,181,255	1,116,288	1,061,259	1,074,401	993,266
\$ (500,000) \$	(500,000) \$	(300,030) \$	(299,998) \$	(299,999) \$	(300,000) \$	\$ (300,000)
\$ 7,310,432 \$	6,662,106 \$	6,218,945 \$	5,814,033 \$	5,693,796 \$	5,449,690 \$	\$ 5,236,145
19.70%	21.40%	19.00%	19.20%	18.60%	19.70%	19.00%

# WARD COUNTY, TX SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TEXAS COUNTY & DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Pla	FY 2019 n Year 2018	FY 2018 Plan Year 2017
Total OPEB Liability			
Service Cost	\$	690,773	\$ 779,013
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability		536,134	469,814
Changes of Benefit Terms		-	-
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience		-	-
Changes of Assumptions		1,610,512	(1,352,715)
Benefit Payments*		(389,041)	(389,269)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		2,448,378	(493,157)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		12,578,222	13,071,379
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	15,026,600	\$ 12,578,222
Covered Payroll	\$	7,596,040	\$ 7,374,796
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		197.82%	170.56%

\*The Supplemental Death Benefit Fund is considered to be an unfunded OPEB plan under GASB 75. Because of this benefit payments are treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees.

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P52.139 states that the information on this schedule should be determined as of the measurement date of the plan.

As required by GASB 75, this schedule will be built prospectively as the information becomes available until 10 years of information is presented.

#### Notes to the Schedule of Contributions

Valuation Date:Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated each<br/>December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in<br/>which contributions are reported.

#### Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age
Amortization Method:	Level percentage of payroll, closed.
Remaining Amortization Period:	12.7 years (based on contribution rate calculated in 12/31/2018 valuation)
Asset Valuation Method:	5-year smoothed market
Inflation:	2.75%
Salary Increases:	Varies by age and service. 4.9% average over career including inflation.
Investment Rate of Return:	8.00%, net of administrative and investment expenses, including inflation
Retirement Age:	Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement for recent retirees is 61.
Mortality:	130% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 110% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ulitimate scale after 2014.
Changes in Assumptions and Methods Reflected in the Schedule of Employer	2015: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were reflected.
Schedule of Employer Contributions*	2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected.
Changes in Plan Provisions Reflected in the Schedule of Employer Contributions*	2015: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.
Employer Contributions	2016: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.
	2017: New Annuity Purchase Rates were reflected for benefits earned after 2017.
	2018: Employer contributions reflect that a 50% CPI COLA was adopted.

\*Only changes that affect the benefit amount and that are effective 2015 and later are shown in the Notes to the Schedule

COMBINING STATEMENTS OF NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### WARD COUNTY, TX COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31,2019

D (		20	0	201		202		
Data Contro	1	Title				LEOSE		
Contro Codes	1	Deliv		STAR		Training		
		Mea	als	Fund		Funds		
	ASSETS							
1010	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	- \$		- \$	12,879		
1260	Due from Other Governments		-		-	-		
1300	Due from Fiduciary Funds		-		-	-		
1000	Total Assets	\$	- \$		- \$	12,879		
	LIABILITIES							
2010	Accounts Payable	\$	- \$		- \$	50		
2020	Wages and Salaries Payable		-		-	-		
2080	Due to Other Funds		-		-	-		
2000	Total Liabilities					50		
	FUND BALANCES							
3260	Restricted for Commissary		-		-	-		
3290	Other Restricted Fund Balance				-	12,829		
3000	Total Fund Balances					12,829		
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	- \$		- \$	12,879		

	216		217	219		221	222		224		229		230
· ]	Lateral		Farm to	Border		Holman	Check	:	Sheriff's	F	Records &	Co	ourthouse
	Road	Ma	rket Road	Prosecution		House	Fees	S	tate Forf	Pr	reservation	S	Security
	Fund		Fund	Grant Fund		Fund	Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund
\$	33,683	\$	1,533,489	\$	- \$	23,996	\$ 289	\$	132,438	\$	33,218	\$	106,444
	-		1,656	-	-	-	45		-		599		1,716
\$	33,683	\$	1,535,145	\$ -	- \$	23,996	\$ 334	\$	132,438	\$	33,817	\$	108,160
\$	-	\$	6,082	\$ -	- \$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-	-	-	-	-		-		-		-
	_		6,082				 		-		_		-
					_								
_	33,683		1,529,063	-	-	23,996	334		132,438		33,817		108,160
	33,683		1,529,063			23,996	 334		132,438		33,817		108,160
\$	33,683	\$	1,535,145	\$ -	- \$	23,996	\$ 334	\$	132,438	\$	33,817	\$	108,160

#### WARD COUNTY, TX COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31,2019

		232		234	235		237	
Data		Juvenile	Cou	unty Clerk	Court	County		
Contro	bl	Probation		ords M&P	Reporter	Attorney		
Codes		Fund		Fund	Service Fund	Pretrial Fund		
	ASSETS							
1010	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 71,116	\$	100,009	\$ 5,339	\$	35,279	
1260	Due from Other Governments	-		-	-		-	
1300	Due from Fiduciary Funds	-		6,325	315		4,120	
1000	Total Assets	\$ 71,116	\$	106,334	\$ 5,654	\$	39,399	
	LIABILITIES							
2010	Accounts Payable	\$ 214	\$	-	\$ -	\$	602	
2020	Wages and Salaries Payable	-		-	-		144	
2080	Due to Other Funds	-		-	-		-	
2000	Total Liabilities	 214		_	-		746	
	FUND BALANCES							
3260	Restricted for Commissary	-		-	-		-	
3290	Other Restricted Fund Balance	70,902		106,334	5,654		38,653	
3000	Total Fund Balances	\$ 70,902	\$	106,334	\$ 5,654	\$	38,653	
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 71,116	\$	106,334	\$ 5,654	\$	39,399	

	239	240	241		242		243		244	245		247
JP	P Court	Title IV-E	County Clerk	Co	unty Clerk	D	istrict	Vic	ctims of	JP	Chi	ld Abuse
Tec	chnology	/JPO	Vital Stats		Archive	Clerk	Records	Cri	me Act	Security	Pre	evention
]	Fund	Fund	Fund		Fund	Mng	mnt Fund	Form	ula Grant	Fund		Fund
\$	40,714	\$ 30,64	6\$-	Ŷ	488,838	\$	6,977 -	\$	9,576 4,974	\$ 38,486	\$	217
	1,251				6,310		110		-	305		-
\$	41,965	\$ 30,64	6 \$ -	\$	495,148	\$	7,087	\$	14,550	\$ 38,791	\$	217
\$	137	\$	- \$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	154	\$ -	\$	-
	-	1,91	9 -		-		-		1,419	-		-
	-				-		-		-	-		-
	137	1,91	9		-		-		1,573	 -		-
	-				-		-		-	-		-
	41,828	28,72	7 -		495,148		7,087		12,977	38,791		217
	41,828	28,72	7	. <u> </u>	495,148		7,087		12,977	 38,791		217
\$	41,965	\$ 30,64	6 \$ -	\$	495,148	\$	7,087	\$	14,550	\$ 38,791	\$	217

#### WARD COUNTY, TX COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2019

			248	249		250	251
Data		Co/D	ist Court	Co/Dist	Hot	tel/Motel	Truancy
Contro	bl	Tecl	nnology	Disaster		Tax	Court
Codes		I	Fund	Preserv Fund		Fund	Fund
	ASSETS						
1010	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,425	\$ 7,798	\$	384,264	\$ 3,551
1260	Due from Other Governments		-	-		-	
1300	Due from Fiduciary Funds		15	20		-	
1000	Total Assets	\$	4,440	\$ 7,818	\$	384,264	\$ 3,551
	LIABILITIES						
2010	Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$
2020	Wages and Salaries Payable		-	-		9,669	
2080	Due to Other Funds		-	-		-	
2000	Total Liabilities		_			9,669	
	FUND BALANCES						
3260	Restricted for Commissary		-	-		-	
3290	Other Restricted Fund Balance		4,440	7,818		374,595	3,551
3000	Total Fund Balances		4,440	7,818		374,595	 3,551
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	4,440	\$ 7,818	\$	384,264	\$ 3,551

255 2		260		267		282		291		292		293		294		
Stonegarden					Sheriff's		Archives		PCT 1		PCT 2		PCT 3		PCT 4	
Grant Fund		Arena Fund		Commissary Fund		Donations Fund		Road Funds		Road Funds		Road Funds		Road Funds		
																\$
	5,731		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
\$	5,731	\$	94,891	\$	1,395	\$	1,528	\$	194,235	\$	35,610	\$	178,983	\$	8,396	
			2.624						11.010				2.405			
\$		\$	2,634	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,210	\$	-	\$	2,485	\$	-	
	486 5,245		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
	5,731	_	2,634		_		_	_	14,210	_	_		2,485	_	-	
	-		-		1,395		-		-		-		-		-	
	-		92,257		-		1,528		180,025		35,610		176,498		8,396	
			92,257		1,395		1,528		180,025	_	35,610	_	176,498		8,396	
\$	5,731	\$	94,891	\$	1,395	\$	1,528	\$	194,235	\$	35,610	\$	178,983	\$	8,396	

#### WARD COUNTY, TX COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31,2019

		DECEMBER 51,2019	DECEMBER 31,2019							
		299	Total							
Data		Title III	1	Nonmajor						
Contro	1	Part C	Go	vernmental						
Codes		Fund		Funds						
	ASSETS									
1010	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ -	\$	3,618,709						
1260	Due from Other Governments	-		10,705						
1300	Due from Fiduciary Funds	-		22,787						
1000	Total Assets	\$ -	\$	3,652,201						
	LIABILITIES									
2010	Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$	26,568						
2020	Wages and Salaries Payable	-		13,637						
2080	Due to Other Funds	-		5,245						
2000	Total Liabilities			45,450						
	FUND BALANCES									
3260	Restricted for Commissary	-		1,395						
3290	Other Restricted Fund Balance	-		3,605,356						
3000	Total Fund Balances		· <u> </u>	3,606,751						
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ -	\$	3,652,201						

COMBINING SCHEDULE FOR AGENCY FUNDS

	BALANCE JANUARY 1 2018		ADDITIONS DEDUCTIONS			BALANCE DECEMBER 31 2019		
SHERIFF'S TRUST ACCOUNT								
Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	6,930	\$	29,399	\$	35,144	\$	1,185
Liabilities:								
Due to Other Funds	\$	-	\$	1,185	\$	-	\$	1,185
Due to Other Governments		930		3,945		4,875		
Due to Others		6,000		24,269		30,269		-
Total Liabilities	\$	6,930	\$	29,399	\$	35,144	\$	1,185
SHERIFF'S INMATE ACCOUNT								
Assets:	¢	15 462	¢	00.522	¢	84.060	¢	10.024
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	15,463	\$	88,532	\$	84,969	\$	19,026
Liabilities:	<b>.</b>		<u>_</u>		<i>•</i>	0.4.0.40	<b>.</b>	40.00
Due to Others	\$	15,463	\$	88,532	\$	84,969	\$	19,026
TAX COLLECTOR'S Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	795,816	\$	61,690,711	\$	61,520,163	\$	966,364
Liabilities:								
Due to Other Funds	\$	700,546	\$	54,305,494	\$	54,492,659	\$	513,381
Due to Others		95,270		7,385,217		7,027,504		452,983
Total Liabilities	\$	795,816	\$	61,690,711	\$	61,520,163	\$	966,364
COUNTY CLERK ACCOUNTS Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents Due From Other Funds	\$	113,309	\$	778,128 4,554	\$	762,721	\$	128,716 4,554
Total Assets	\$	113,309	\$	782,682	\$	762,721	\$	133,270
Liabilities:								
Due to Other Funds	\$	51,002	\$	350,247	\$	352,932	\$	48,317
Due to Others		62,307		432,435		409,789		84,953
Total Liabilities	\$	113,309	\$	782,682	\$	762,721	\$	133,270
DISTRICT CLERK ACCOUNTS Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents Due From Other Funds	\$	3,142,204	\$	3,743,943 330	\$	6,222,770	\$	663,377 330
Total Assets	\$	3,142,204	\$	3,744,273	\$	6,222,770	\$	663,707
Liabilities:		;						
Due to Other Funds	\$	10,571	\$	12,596	\$	13,945	\$	9,222
		3,131,633		3,731,677	-	6,208,825	-	654,485
Due to Others		5,151,055		5,751,077		0,200,025		05 1, 105

	ALANCE NUARY 1 2018	AI	DITIONS	DEI	DUCTIONS	ALANCE EMBER 31 2019
COMMUNITY SUPERVISION CORRECTIONS Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 71,550	\$	781,182	\$	780,035	\$ 72,697
Liabilities:						
Due to Other Funds	\$ 30,422	\$	332,147	\$	331,048	\$ 31,521
Due to Others	 41,128		449,035		448,987	 41,176
Total Liabilities	\$ 71,550	\$	781,182	\$	780,035	\$ 72,697
CSCD/PRETRIAL FUND Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 71,469	\$	77,250	\$	94,572	\$ 54,147
Liabilities:	 					 
Due to Others	\$ 71,469	\$	77,250	\$	94,572	\$ 54,147
ADULT PROBATION FUND Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 313,389	\$	1,434,035	\$	1,415,202	\$ 332,222
Due From Other Funds	 26,618		24,556		26,618	 24,556
Total Assets	\$ 340,007	\$	1,458,591	\$	1,441,820	\$ 356,778
Liabilities: Due to Others	\$ 340,007	\$	1,458,591	\$	1,441,820	\$ 356,778
TAX ACCOUNT Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 31,257	\$	30,170	\$	32,907	\$ 28,520
Liabilities: Due to Others	\$ 31,257	\$	30,170	\$	32,907	\$ 28,520
EVENT CENTER Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ -	\$	6,250	\$	3,600	\$ 2,650
Liabilities:	 					
Due to Other Funds	\$ -	\$	6,250	\$	3,600	\$ 2,650
DA FORFEITURE FUND Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 28,674	\$	234,941	\$	74,369	\$ 189,246
Liabilities:	 					
Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$	1,888	\$	-	\$ 1,888
Due to Others	 28,674		233,053		74,369	 187,358
Total Liabilities	\$ 28,674	\$	234,941	\$	74,369	\$ 189,246

	BALANCE JANUARY 1 2018		AI	DDITIONS	DEDUCTIONS		BALANCE DECEMBER 31 2019	
DA PRETRIAL FUND								
Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	17,551	\$	16,300	\$	8,562	\$	25,289
Liabilities:								
Due to Others	\$	17,551	\$	16,300	\$	8,562	\$	25,289
JUVENILE PROBATION FEES								
Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	240	\$	16,779	\$	16,794	\$	225
Liabilities:								
Due to Other Funds	\$	220	\$	-	\$	220	\$	
Due to Others		20		16,779		16,574		225
Total Liabilities	\$	240	\$	16,779	\$	16,794	\$	22
FLEXIBLE SPENDING FUND Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	14,389	\$	7,131	\$	10,838	\$	10,682
Liabilities:								
Due to Others	\$	14,389	\$	7,131	\$	10,838	\$	10,682
STATE COURT COSTS Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	117,663	\$	509,122	\$	509,671	\$	117,114
Due From Other Funds		26,263		38,372		26,263		38,372
Total Assets	\$	143,926	\$	547,494	\$	535,934	\$	155,480
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	248	\$	-	\$	248
Due to Other Funds		9,561		32,626		9,561		32,620
Due to Others		134,365		514,868		526,621		122,612
Total Liabilities	\$	143,926	\$	547,742	\$	536,182	\$	155,48
JP FEE FUND Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	57,957	\$	1,171,272	\$	1,147,802	\$	81,42
Liabilities: Due to Other Funds Due to Others	\$	57,889 68	\$	1,168,372 2,900	\$	1,147,734 68	\$	78,52 <sup>°</sup> 2,900
Total Liabilities	\$	57,957	\$	1,171,272	\$	1,147,802	\$	81,42
COUNTY ATTORNEY'S TRUST Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents Due From Other Funds	\$	11,257	\$	24,538 370	\$	20,213	\$	15,582 370

	BALANCE JANUARY 1 2018 ADDITIONS		DI	EDUCTIONS	BALANCE DECEMBER 31 2019		
Total Assets	\$	11,257	\$ 24,908	\$	20,213	\$	15,952
Liabilities:							
Due to Other Funds	\$	4,250	\$ 9,264	\$	9,349	\$	4,165
Due to Others		7,007	 15,274		10,494		11,787
Total Liabilities	\$	11,257	\$ 24,538	\$	19,843	\$	15,952
WARD COUNTY SENIOR CITIZENS Assets:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	6,643	\$ 196,859	\$	168,376	\$	35,126
Liabilities:							
Due to Others	\$	6,643	\$ 196,859	\$	168,376	\$	35,120
VICTIM'S ASSISTANCE FUND Assets:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	41,376	\$ 14,932	\$	24,595	\$	31,713
Due From Other Funds		161	 30		161		30
Total Assets	\$	41,537	\$ 14,962	\$	24,756	\$	31,743
Liabilities:							
Due to Others	\$	41,537	\$ 14,962	\$	24,756	\$	31,743
TOTAL AGENCY FUNDS Assets:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,857,137	\$ 70,851,474	\$	72,933,303	\$	2,775,308
Due From Other Funds		53,042	 68,212		53,042		68,212
Total Assets	\$	4,910,179	\$ 70,919,686	\$	72,986,345	\$	2,843,520
Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds	\$	-	\$ 2,136	\$	-	\$	2,130
Due to Other Funds Due to Other Governments		864,461 930	56,218,181 3,945		56,361,048 4,875		721,594
Due to Others		4,044,788	14,695,302		16,620,300		2,119,790
Total Liabilities	\$		\$ 	\$		\$	2,843,52
Total Liabilities	\$	4,910,179	\$ 70,919,564	\$	72,986,223	\$	2,

FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Judge and Members of the Commissioners' Court of Ward County, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Ward (the "County") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 30, 2020.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

A *deficiency* in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Smith & Rives, PC Monahans, Texas June 30, 2020

# WARD COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

#### I. Summary of the Auditor's Results

1. Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified – County's Financials Adverse – Omitted Component Unit						
Internal control over financial reporting:							
One or more material weaknesses identified?	Yes	<u>X</u> No					
One or more significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes	<u>X</u> None Reported					
Noncompliance material to financial Statements noted?	Yes	<u>X</u> No					

- 2. The County was not subject to Federal or State Single Audit.
- II. Findings relating to the Financial Statements Which Are Required to be reported in Accordance with *Generally Accepted Auditing Standards*.

No Findings.

### WARD COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF STATUS OF PRIOR FINDINGS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

#### A. Auditor's Review of Prior Year Findings

#### 2018-001 Highest Daily Cash Balances Exceeding FDIC and Pledged Securities

In the prior year, there was an instance where the County's deposits exceeded the FDIC insurance and pledged securities.

This appears to have been corrected in 2019.

# WARD COUNTY, TEXAS CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

With respect to each audit finding included in the current year's auditor's reports:

No findings.